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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 333-211626

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

81-1184858  
(I.R.S.  
Employer ID No.)

100 Arboretum Drive, Suite 105  
Portsmouth, NH  
(Address of principal executive offices)

03801  
(Zip code)

Issuer's telephone number: (603) 294-1420

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller Reporting Company

Emerging growth company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

At November 12, 2017 there were 1,103,351.25 units of the Registrant's limited partnership interests issued and outstanding.

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**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**

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**PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Condensed Financial Statements**

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.  
(A Delaware Limited Partnership)  
Condensed Balance Sheets**

	<u>September 30, 2017</u>	<u>December 31, 2016</u>
	(unaudited)	
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,654,425	\$ 1,180,918
Restricted cash	-	70,200
Investments in finance leases, net	720,497	926,751
Investments in equipment subject to operating leases, net	247,013	318,703
Collateralized loans receivable, including accrued interest of \$0 and \$0	1,122,764	-
Other assets	22,013	-
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>\$ 7,766,712</u>	<u>\$ 2,496,572</u>
<b>Liabilities and Partners' Equity</b>		
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 42,909	\$ 90,602
Loan payable	-	1,000
Distributions payable to Limited Partners	142,638	40,088
Distributions payable to General Partner	3,291	401
Subscriptions received in advance	-	70,173
Deferred revenue	35,800	11,647
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>224,638</u>	<u>213,911</u>
<b>Partners' Equity (Deficit):</b>		
Limited Partners	7,555,647	2,285,710
General Partner	(13,573)	(3,049)
<b>Total Equity</b>	<u>7,542,074</u>	<u>2,282,661</u>
<b>Total Liabilities and Partners' Equity</b>	<u>\$ 7,766,712</u>	<u>\$ 2,496,572</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**  
**(A Delaware Limited Partnership)**  
**Condensed Statement of Operations**  
**Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017
<b>Revenue</b>		
Rental income	\$ 27,256	\$ 81,768
Finance income	16,475	55,186
Interest income	20,233	21,055
Other income	21,633	22,033
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>85,597</b>	<b>180,042</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Management fees - Investment Manager	187,500	562,500
Depreciation	23,911	71,690
Professional fees	33,076	165,852
Administration expense	33,175	128,254
Other expenses	14,514	15,114
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>292,176</b>	<b>943,410</b>
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (206,579)</b>	<b>\$ (763,368)</b>
Net loss attributable to the Partnership		
Limited Partners	\$ (204,513)	\$ (755,734)
General Partner	(2,066)	(7,634)
Net loss attributable to the Partnership	<b>\$ (206,579)</b>	<b>\$ (763,368)</b>
Weighted average number of limited partnership interests outstanding	867,061.69	352,244.14
Net loss attributable to Limited Partners per weighted average number of limited partnership interests outstanding	<b>\$ (0.24)</b>	<b>\$ (2.15)</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**  
**(A Delaware Limited Partnership)**  
**Condensed Statement of Changes in Partners' Equity (Unaudited)**  
**Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017**

	<b>Limited Partnership Interests</b>	<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>General Partner</b>	<b>Limited Partners</b>
Balance, January 1, 2017	332,548.10	\$ 2,282,661	\$ (3,049)	\$ 2,285,710
Partners' capital contributions	718,355.78	7,183,558	-	7,183,558
Offering expenses	-	(369,506)	-	(369,506)
Underwriting fees	-	(498,323)	-	(498,323)
Net loss	-	(763,368)	(7,634)	(755,734)
Distributions to partners	-	(291,948)	(2,890)	(289,058)
Redemption of initial Limited Partners' contributions	-	(1,000)	-	(1,000)
Balance, September 30, 2017	<u>1,050,903.88</u>	<u>\$ 7,542,074</u>	<u>\$ (13,573)</u>	<u>\$ 7,555,647</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**  
**(A Delaware Limited Partnership)**  
**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows**  
**(Unaudited)**

**For the**  
**Nine Months Ended**  
**September 30, 2017**

<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>	
Net loss	\$ (763,368)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:</b>	
Finance income	(55,186)
Accrued interest income	(20,979)
Depreciation	71,690
<b>Change in operating assets and liabilities:</b>	
Minimum rents receivable	261,440
Accrued interest income	20,979
Other assets	(22,013)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(47,866)
Deferred revenue	24,153
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(531,150)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>	
Cash paid for collateralized loans receivable	(1,361,156)
Cash received from collateralized loans receivable	238,392
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,122,764)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>	
Repayments of loan payable	(1,000)
Cash received from Limited Partner capital contributions	6,966,299
Cash paid for Limited Partner distributions	(186,508)
Cash paid for Initial Limited Partners contribution redemption	(1,000)
Cash paid for underwriting fees	(280,864)
Cash paid for offering costs	(369,506)
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>6,127,421</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,473,507
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>1,180,918</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u><u>\$ 5,654,425</u></u>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>	
Offering expenses paid by Investment Manager	\$ 369,506
Units issued as underwriting fee discount	<u>\$ 217,459</u>
Distributions payable to General Partner	<u>\$ 2,890</u>
Distributions payable to Limited Partners	<u>\$ 102,550</u>
Restricted cash release	<u>\$ 70,200</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

**SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.**  
**(A Delaware Limited Partnership)**  
**Notes to Condensed Financial Statements**  
**Period Ended September 30, 2017**  
**(Unaudited)**

**1. Organization and Nature of Operations**

**Organization** – SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P. (the “Partnership”) was formed on January 14, 2016, as a Delaware limited partnership and is engaged in a single business segment, the ownership and investment in leased equipment and related financings which includes: (i) purchasing equipment and leasing it to third-party end users; (ii) providing equipment and other asset financing; (iii) acquiring equipment subject to lease and (iv) acquiring ownership rights (residual value interests) in leased equipment at lease expiration. The Partnership will terminate no later than December 31, 2040.

**Nature of Operations** – The principal investment strategy of the Partnership is to invest in business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-savings) equipment or other physical assets with high in-place value and long, relative to the investment term, economic life and project financings. The Partnership executes its investment strategy by making investments in equipment already subject to lease or originating equipment leases and loans in such equipment, which will include: (i) purchasing equipment and leasing it to third-party end users; (ii) providing equipment and other asset and project financings; (iii) acquiring equipment subject to lease and (iv) acquiring ownership rights (residual value interests) in leased equipment at lease expiration. From time to time, the Partnership may also purchase equipment and sell it directly to its leasing customers. The Partnership may use other investment structures that SQN Investment Advisors, LLC (the “Investment Manager”) believes will provide the Partnership with an appropriate level of security, collateralization, and flexibility to optimize its return on its investment while protecting against downside risk. In many cases, the structure will include the Partnership holding title to or a priority or controlling position in the equipment or other asset.

The General Partner of the Partnership is SQN AIF V GP, LLC (the “General Partner”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Partnership’s Investment Manager. Both the Partnership’s General Partner and its Investment Manager are Delaware limited liability companies. The General Partner manages and controls the day to day activities and operations of the Partnership, pursuant to the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement. The General Partner paid an aggregate capital contribution of \$100 for a 1% interest in the Partnership’s income, losses and distributions. The Investment Manager makes all investment decisions and manages the investment portfolio of the Partnership.

The Partnership’s income, losses and distributions are allocated 99% to the Limited Partners and 1% to the General Partner until the Limited Partners have received total distributions equal to their capital contributions plus an 8% per year, compounded annually, cumulative return on their capital contributions. After such time, all income, losses and distributable cash will be allocated 80% to the Limited Partners and 20% to the General Partner. The Partnership expects to conduct its activities for at least six years and divide the Partnership’s life into three distinct stages: (i) the Offering Period, (ii) the Operating Period and (iii) the Liquidation Period. The Offering Period began on August 11, 2016, will terminate no later than two years after this date, unless extended by the General Partner, from time to time, in its sole discretion, by up to an additional 12 months. The Operating Period will commence on the date of the Partnership’s initial closing and last for four years unless extended at the sole discretion of the General Partner. During the Operating Period, the Partnership will invest most of the net proceeds from its offering in business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-saving) equipment, other physical assets with substantial economic lives and, in many cases, associated revenue streams and project financings. The Liquidation Period, which follows the conclusion of the Operating Period, is the period in which the Partnership will sell its assets in the ordinary course of business and will last two years, unless it is extended, at the sole discretion of the General Partner. The General Partner may extend the Offering Period, from time to time, in its sole discretion, by up to an additional 12 months. The General Partner may also extend the Operating Period and subsequent Liquidation Period in its sole discretion.

SQN Securities, LLC (“Securities”), a Delaware limited liability company, is affiliated with the General Partner. Securities will act initially as the selling agent for the offering of the units. The units are offered on a “best efforts,” “minimum-maximum” basis. Unless extended by the General Partner, from time to time, in its sole discretion, for up to an additional 12 months, the offering will terminate on the date that is two years from the date of August 11, 2016.

During the Operating Period, the Partnership plans to make quarterly distributions of cash to the Limited Partners, if, in the opinion of the Partnership’s Investment Manager, such distributions are in the Partnership’s best interests. Therefore, the amount and rate of cash distributions could vary and are not guaranteed. The targeted distribution rate is 6.0% annually, paid quarterly as 1.5%, of each Limited Partner’s capital contribution (pro-rated to the date of admission for each Limited Partner). During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership declared and accrued quarterly distribution to its Limited Partners totaling \$289,058 which resulted in a distributions payable to Limited Partners of \$142,638 at September 30, 2017. The Partnership did not make a cash distribution to the General Partner during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and accrued \$2,890 for distributions due to the General Partner which resulted in distributions payable to the General Partner of \$3,291 at September 30, 2017.

From August 11, 2016 through September 30, 2017, the Partnership admitted 206 Limited Partners with total capital contributions of \$10,509,039 resulting in the sale of 1,050,903.88 Units. The Partnership received cash contributions of \$10,059,849 and applied \$449,190 which would have otherwise been paid as sales commission to the purchase of 44,919.03 additional Units.

## **2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Basis of Presentation** — The condensed balance sheets, statement of operations, statement of changes in partners’ equity and statement of cash flows of the Partnership at September 30, 2017 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC with respect to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited interim condensed financial statements furnished reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. The results reported in these condensed financial statements should not necessarily be taken as indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. These unaudited interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes contained in the Partnership’s annual report on Form 10-K, as filed with the SEC on March 31, 2017.

**Use of Estimates** — The preparation of condensed financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the General Partner and Investment Manager to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates primarily include the determination of allowances for doubtful lease, notes and loan accounts, depreciation and amortization, impairment losses, estimated useful lives, and residual values. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** — The Partnership considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds maintained in checking and money market accounts maintained at financial institutions.

The Partnership’s cash and cash equivalents are held principally at one financial institution and at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Partnership has placed these funds in a full service commercial financial institution in order to minimize risk relating to exceeding insured limits.

**Restricted Cash** — Restricted cash primarily consisted of cash held in an escrow account from subscriptions received in advance which was released as a result of the receipt and acceptance by the General Partner.

**Credit Risk** — In the normal course of business, the Partnership is exposed to credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that the Partnership’s counterparty to an agreement either has an inability or unwillingness to make contractually required payments. The Partnership expects concentrations of credit risk with respect to lessees to be dispersed across different industry segments and different regions of the world.



**Asset Impairments** — Assets in the Partnership’s investment portfolio, which are considered long-lived assets, are periodically reviewed, no less frequently than annually or when indicators of impairment exist, to determine whether events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. If there is an indication of impairment, the Partnership estimates the future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Future cash flows are the future cash inflows expected to be generated by an asset less the future outflows expected to be necessary to obtain those inflows. If an impairment is determined to exist, the impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying value of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value and is recorded in the statement of operations in the period the determination is made. The events or changes in circumstances that generally indicate that an asset may be impaired are, (i) the estimated fair value of the underlying equipment is less than its carrying value, (ii) the lessee is experiencing financial difficulties and (iii) it does not appear likely that the estimated proceeds from the disposition of the asset will be sufficient to recover the carrying value of the asset. The preparation of the undiscounted cash flows requires the use of assumptions and estimates, including the level of future rents or receipts from the sale of the investment, estimated downtime between re-leasing events, and the amount of re-leasing costs. The Investment Manager’s review for impairment includes a consideration of the existence of impairment indicators, including third party appraisals, published values for similar assets, recent transactions for similar assets, adverse changes in market conditions for specific asset types, and the occurrence of significant adverse changes in general industry and market conditions that could affect the fair value of the asset.

**Lease Classification and Revenue Recognition** — The Partnership records revenue based upon the lease classification determined at the inception of the transaction and based upon the terms of the lease or when there are significant changes to the lease terms.

The Partnership leases equipment to third parties and each such lease may be classified as either a finance lease or an operating lease. Initial direct costs are capitalized and amortized over the term of the related lease for a finance lease. For an operating lease, initial direct costs are included as a component of the cost of the equipment and depreciated.

For finance leases, the Partnership records, at lease inception, the total minimum lease payments receivable from the lessee, the estimated unguaranteed residual value of the equipment upon lease termination, the initial direct costs, if any, related to the lease and the related unearned income. Unearned income represents the difference between the sum of the minimum lease payments receivable plus the estimated unguaranteed residual value, minus the cost of the leased equipment. Unearned income is recognized as finance income over the term of the lease using the effective interest rate method.

For operating leases, rental income is recognized on the straight line basis over the lease term. Billed and uncollected operating lease receivables will be included in accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are stated at their estimated net realizable value. Rental income received in advance is the difference between the timing of the cash payments and the income recognized on the straight line basis.

The investment committee of the Investment Manager approves each new equipment lease, financing transaction, and lease acquisition. As part of this process it determines the unguaranteed residual value, if any, to be used once the acquisition has been approved. The factors considered in determining the unguaranteed residual value include, but are not limited to, the creditworthiness of the potential lessee, the type of equipment being considered, how the equipment is integrated into the potential lessee’s business, the length of the lease, the industry in which the potential lessee operates and the secondary market value of the equipment. Unguaranteed residual values are reviewed for impairment in accordance with the Partnership’s policy relating to impairment review.

The residual value assumes, among other things, that the asset will be utilized normally in an open, unrestricted and stable market. Short-term fluctuations in the marketplace are disregarded, and it is assumed that there is no necessity either to dispose of a significant number of the assets, if held in quantity, simultaneously or to dispose of the asset quickly. The residual value is calculated using information from various external sources, such as trade publications, auction data, equipment dealers, wholesalers and industry experts, as well as inspection of the physical asset and other economic indicators.

**Finance Lease Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Lease, Notes and Loan Accounts** — In the normal course of business, the Partnership provides credit or financing to its customers, performs credit evaluations of these customers, and maintains reserves for potential credit losses. These credit or financing transactions are normally collateralized by the equipment being financed. In determining the amount of allowance for doubtful lease, notes and loan accounts, the Investment Manager considers historical credit losses, the past due status of receivables, payment history, and other customer-specific information, including the value of the collateral. The past due status of a receivable is based on its contractual terms. Expected credit losses are recorded as an allowance for doubtful lease, notes and loan accounts. Receivables are written off when the Investment Manager determines they are uncollectible. At September 30, 2017, an allowance for doubtful lease, notes and loan accounts is not currently provided since, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, all accounts recorded are deemed collectible.

**Equipment Notes and Loans Receivable** — Equipment notes and loans receivable are reported in the condensed financial statements as the outstanding principal balance net of any unamortized deferred fees, and premiums or discounts on purchased loans. Costs to originate loans, if any, are reported as other assets in the condensed financial statements and amortized to expense over the estimated life of the loan. Income is recognized over the life of the note agreement. On certain equipment notes and loans receivable, specific payment terms were reached requiring prepayments which resulted in the recognition of unearned interest income. Unearned income, discounts and premiums, if any, are amortized to interest income in the condensed statements of operations using the effective interest rate method. Equipment notes and loans receivable are generally placed in a non-accrual status when payments are more than 90 days past due and all unpaid accrued interest is reversed. Additionally, the Investment Manager periodically reviews the creditworthiness of companies with payments outstanding less than 90 days. Based upon the Investment Manager's judgment, accounts may be placed in a non-accrual status. Accounts on a non-accrual status are only returned to an accrual status when the account has been brought current and the Partnership believes recovery of the remaining unpaid receivable is probable. Revenue on non-accrual accounts is recognized only when cash has been received.

**Income Taxes** — As a partnership, no provision for income taxes is recorded since the liability for such taxes is the responsibility of each of the Partners rather than the Partnership. The Partnership's income tax returns are subject to examination by the federal and state taxing authorities, and changes, if any, could adjust the individual income tax of the Partners.

The Partnership has adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Topic 740, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*. This accounting guidance prescribes recognition thresholds that must be met before a tax position is recognized in the condensed financial statements and provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. Additionally, an entity may only recognize or continue to recognize tax positions that meet a "more likely than not" threshold. The Partnership has evaluated its entity level tax positions for the year ended December 31, 2016, and does not expect any material adjustments to be made. The tax year 2016 remains open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Partnership is subject.

**Per Share Data** — Net income or loss attributable to Limited Partners per weighted average number of limited partnership interests outstanding is calculated as follows; the net income or loss allocable to the Limited Partners divided by the weighted average number of limited partnership interests outstanding during the period.

**Foreign Currency Transactions** — The Partnership has designated the United States of America dollar as the functional currency for the Partnership's investments denominated in foreign currencies. Accordingly, certain assets and liabilities are translated at either the reporting period exchange rates or the historical exchange rates, revenues and expenses are translated at the average rate of exchange for the period, and all transaction gains or losses are reflected in the statements of operations.

**Depreciation** — The Partnership records depreciation expense on equipment when the lease is classified as an operating lease. In order to calculate depreciation, the Partnership first determines the depreciable equipment cost, which is the cost less the estimated residual value. The estimated residual value is the Partnership's estimate of the value of the equipment at lease termination. Depreciation expense is recorded by applying the straight-line method of depreciation to the depreciable equipment cost over the lease term.

### ***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments* (“ASU 2016-15”), which provides guidance on how certain cash receipts and cash payments are to be presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of ASU 2016-15 becomes effective for fiscal years beginning on January 1, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted. An entity will apply the amendments within ASU 2016-15 using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. The Partnership is currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-15 on its condensed financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued new guidance to improve consolidation guidance for legal entities (Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842): Amendments to Leases Analysis*), effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those years and early adoption is permitted. The standard amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets and making targeted changes to lessor accounting. The new leases standard requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, with an option to use certain transition relief. The Partnership is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its condensed financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the condensed financial statements.

### **3. Related Party Transactions**

The General Partner is responsible for the operations of the Partnership and the Investment Manager makes all investment decisions and manages the investment portfolio of the Partnership. The Partnership reimburses the General Partner for actual incurred organizational and offering costs not to exceed 1.5% of all capital contributions received by the Partnership. Because organizational and offering expenses will be paid, as and to the extent they are incurred, organizational and offering expenses may be drawn disproportionately to the gross proceeds of each closing. The General Partner also has a promotional interest in the Partnership equal to 20% of all distributed distributable cash, after the Partnership has provided an 8% cumulative return, compounded annually, to the Limited Partners on their capital contributions. The General Partner has a 1% interest in the profits, losses and distributions of the Partnership. The General Partner will initially receive 1% of all distributed distributable cash, which was accrued at September 30, 2017.

The Partnership pays the Investment Manager during the Offering Period, Operating Period and the Liquidation Period a management fee equal to the greater of, (i) 2.5% per annum of the aggregate offering proceeds, payable monthly in advance or (ii) \$62,500 per month. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership paid \$187,500 and \$562,500, respectively in management fee expense to the Investment Manager.

The Partnership pays the Investment Manager during the Operating Period a structuring fee in an amount equal to 1.5% of each cash investment made, including reinvestments, payable on the date each such investment is made. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership paid \$20,022 of structuring fees to the Investment Manager.

Securities is a Delaware limited liability company and is majority-owned subsidiary of an affiliate of the Partnership’s Investment Manager. Securities in its capacity as the Partnership’s selling agent receives an underwriting fee of 2% of the gross proceeds from Limited Partners’ capital contributions (excluding proceeds, if any, the Partnership receives from the sale of the Partnership’s Units to the General Partner or its affiliates). While Securities is initially acting as the Partnership’s exclusive selling agent, the Partnership may engage additional selling agents in the future.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the period ended December 31, 2016, the Partnership incurred the following transactions with Securities:

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>	<b>Period Ended December 31, 2016</b>
	(unaudited)	
Balance - beginning of period	\$ —	\$ —
Underwriting fees earned by Securities	137,922	1,000
Payments by the Partnership to Securities	(137,922)	(1,000)
<b>Balance - end of period</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the period ended December 31, 2016, the Partnership incurred the following underwriting fee transactions:

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>	<b>Period Ended December 31, 2016</b>
	(unaudited)	
Underwriting discount incurred by the Partnership	\$ 217,459	\$ 231,731
Underwriting fees earned by Securities	137,922	1,000
Fees paid to outside brokers	142,942	—
<b>Total underwriting fees</b>	<b>\$ 498,323</b>	<b>\$ 232,731</b>

#### 4. Investments in Finance Leases

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, net investments in finance leases consisted of the following:

	<b>September 30, 2017</b>	<b>December 31, 2016</b>
	(unaudited)	
Minimum rents receivable	\$ 708,819	\$ 970,258
Estimated unguaranteed residual value	68,002	68,002
Unearned income	(56,324)	(111,509)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 720,497</b>	<b>\$ 926,751</b>

#### *Computer Equipment*

On October 6, 2016, the Partnership funded a lease facility of \$680,020 for Apple computers to a private school in New York City. The finance lease requires 36 monthly payments of \$17,402. The lessee made a down payment of \$102,002 and the remainder amount was funded by the Partnership. The lease is secured by ownership of the equipment. At September 30, 2017, there were no significant changes to this lease.

#### *Furniture and Kitchen Equipment*

On October 21, 2016, the Partnership funded a finance lease of \$357,020 for an assortment of school furniture and kitchen equipment to a public charter school in New Jersey. The finance lease requires 36 monthly payments of \$11,647 with the first and last payments due in advance. The lease is secured by a first position lien against the equipment. At September 30, 2017, there were no significant changes to this lease.

#### 5. Investment in Equipment Subject to Operating Leases

On October 18, 2016, the Partnership funded a lease facility of \$318,882 for 16 pizza ovens to five separate lessees. Each lease has a 36 month term with various monthly payments. The lease is secured by ownership of the equipment and by a corporate guarantee of the parent of the lessees.

The composition of the equipment subject to operating leases of the Partnership as of September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Description	Cost Basis	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Food equipment	\$ 334,826	\$ 87,813	\$ 247,013
	\$ 334,826	\$ 87,813	\$ 247,013

Depreciation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$23,911 and \$71,690, respectively.

#### 6. Collateralized Loans Receivable

On June 26, 2017, the Partnership entered into a Commercial Finance Agreement (“CFA”) with a borrower to provide secured financing of \$1,184,850 for warehouse racking equipment. The CFA is secured by the racking equipment, and accrues interest at a rate of 9% per annum and matures on June 26, 2020. The borrower will make 36 monthly payments as follows: one payment of \$39,083, 11 monthly payments of \$69,498 and 24 monthly payments of \$20,222. In connection with the CFA, on June 26, 2017, the Partnership advanced \$689,552 to the vendor as a progress payment for the equipment. On July 31, 2017, the Partnership advanced \$495,298 to the vendor as the final payment for the equipment. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the CFA earned interest income of \$16,803 and \$17,393, respectively.

On June 26, 2017, the Partnership entered into a loan agreement with a borrower to refinance the borrower’s debt. In connection with the refinancing, the Partnership received a promissory note from the borrower in the amount of \$150,000. The note accrues interest at a rate of 12% per annum and matures on June 26, 2021. The promissory note will be paid through 48 monthly installments of principal and interest of \$3,931. The promissory note is secured by a first priority security interest in all the borrower’s assets and a personal guarantee of the borrower’s principals as well as a corporate guarantee of an affiliate of the borrower. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the promissory note earned interest income of \$3,413 and \$3,585, respectively.

#### 7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Partnership’s carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and other liabilities, approximate fair value due to their short term until maturities.

As of September 30, 2017, the Partnership evaluated the carrying values of its financial instruments and they approximate fair value.

#### 8. Business Concentrations

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership had one lessee which accounted for approximately 100% of the Partnership’s rental income derived from operating leases. For the period ended December 31, 2016, the Partnership had one lessee which accounted for approximately 100% of the Partnership’s rental income derived from operating leases. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership had two leases which accounted for approximately 61% and 39% of the Partnership’s income derived from finance leases. For the period ended December 31, 2016, the Partnership had two leases which accounted for approximately 66% and 34% of the Partnership’s income derived from finance leases. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Partnership had two loans which accounted for approximately 83% and 17% of the Partnership’s interest income.

At September 30, 2017, the Partnership had two lessees which accounted for approximately 63% and 37% of the Partnership’s investment in finance leases. At December 31, 2016, the Partnership had two lessees which accounted for approximately 62% and 38% of the Partnership’s investment in finance leases. At September 30, 2017, the Partnership had one lessee which accounted for approximately 100% of the Partnership’s investment in operating leases. At December 31, 2016, the Partnership had one lessee which accounted for approximately 100% of the Partnership’s investment in operating leases. At September 30, 2017, the Partnership had two borrowers which accounted for approximately 87% and 13% of the Partnership’s investment in collateralized loans receivable.

## 9. Geographic Information

Geographic information for revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the period ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	
	United States	Total
Revenue:		
Rental income	\$ 27,256	\$ 27,256
Finance income	\$ 16,475	\$ 16,475
Interest income	\$ 20,233	\$ 20,233
Other income	\$ 21,633	\$ 21,633

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	
	United States	Total
Revenue:		
Rental income	\$ 81,768	\$ 81,768
Finance income	\$ 55,186	\$ 55,186
Interest income	\$ 21,055	\$ 21,055
Other income	\$ 22,033	\$ 22,033

Geographic information for long-lived assets at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	September 30, 2017 (unaudited)	
	United States	Total
Long-lived assets:		
Investment in finance leases, net	\$ 720,497	\$ 720,497
Investments in equipment subject to operating leases, net	\$ 247,013	\$ 247,013
Collateralized loan receivable, including accrued interest	\$ 1,122,764	\$ 1,122,764

  

	December 31, 2016	
	United States	Total
Long-lived assets:		
Investment in finance leases, net	\$ 926,751	\$ 926,751
Investments in equipment subject to operating leases, net	\$ 318,703	\$ 318,703

## 10. Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2017, the Partnership does not have any unfunded commitments for any investments.

## 11. Subsequent Events

On November 7, 2017, the Partnership entered into a loan agreement with a borrower to provide short term bridge financing, which funds were used to acquire the rights, title, and interest in an asset backed equipment loan (the "Underlying Loan"). In connection with the loan agreement, the Partnership received a promissory note from the borrower in the amount of \$2,800,000. The note accrues interest at a rate of 1.5% per month for the first 30 days and 1.25% per month thereafter, and matures on February 7, 2018. The promissory note will be paid monthly installments of interest of \$42,000 for the first 30 days and \$35,000 thereafter. The promissory note is secured by a first priority security interest in all the borrower's right, title and interest in the Underlying Loan and the proceeds thereof; (ii) a first priority security interest in all of borrower's right, title and interest in an unrelated, performing asset backed loan and the equipment related thereto and (iii) a first priority security interest in Borrower's 100% membership interests in borrower's 100% membership interests in the special purpose entity that holds the Underlying Loan.

On November 9, 2017, the Partnership entered into a lease facility of \$406,456 for agricultural equipment and supplies to a company based in Illinois. The finance lease requires 36 monthly payments of \$13,819 with the first and last payments due in advance. The lease is secured by a first position lien against the agricultural equipment and supplies and a personal guarantee from the company's CEO.

From October 1, 2017 through November 12, 2017, the Partnership admitted an additional 17 Limited Partners with total cash contributions of \$507,750, total capital contributions of \$524,474 and 52,447.37 Units. The Partnership paid or accrued an underwriting and commission fee to Securities and outside brokers totaling \$10,155 and \$9,500, respectively.

## Item 2. General Partner's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, references to "we," "us," "our" or similar terms include SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.

The following is a discussion of our current financial position and results of operations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the disclosures below regarding "Forward-Looking Statements" and the "Risk Factors" set forth in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### *Forward-Looking Statements*

Certain statements within this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 ("PSLRA"). These statements are being made pursuant to the PSLRA, with the intention of obtaining the benefits of the "safe harbor" provisions of the PSLRA, and, other than as required by law, we assume no obligation to update or supplement such statements. Forward-looking statements are those that do not relate solely to historical fact. They include, but are not limited to, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance, achievements or events. You can identify these statements by the use of words such as "may," "will," "could," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "predict," "continue," "further," "seek," "plan," or "project" and variations of these words or comparable words or phrases of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements reflect our current beliefs and expectations with respect to future events and are based on assumptions and are subject to risks and uncertainties and other factors outside our control that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. We undertake no obligation to update publicly or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

### *Overview*

We are a Delaware limited partnership formed on January 14, 2016. Our partnership operates under a structure which we pool the capital invested by our partners. This pool of capital is then used to invest in business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-saving) equipment and other physical assets with substantial economic lives and, in many cases, associated revenue streams and project financings. The pooled capital contributions are also used to pay fees and expenses associated with our organization and to fund a capital reserve.

Our principal investment strategy is to invest in business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-savings) equipment with high in-place value and long, relative to the investment term, economic life and project financings. We expect to achieve our investment strategy by making investments in equipment already subject to lease or originating equipment leases in such equipment, which will include: (i) purchasing equipment and leasing it to third-party end users; (ii) providing equipment and other asset financing; (iii) acquiring equipment subject to lease and (iv) acquiring ownership rights (residual value interests) in leased equipment at lease expiration. From time to time, we may also purchase equipment and sell it directly to our leasing customers.

Many of our investments will be structured as full payout or operating leases. Full payout leases generally are leases under which the rent over the initial term of the lease will return our invested capital plus an appropriate return without consideration of the residual value, and where the lessee may acquire the equipment or other assets at the expiration of the lease term. Operating leases generally are leases under which the aggregate non-cancelable rental payments during the original term of the lease, on a net present value basis, are not sufficient to recover the purchase price of the equipment or other assets leased under the lease.

We also intend to invest by way of loans, participation agreements and residual sharing agreements where we would acquire an interest in a pool of equipment or other assets, or rights to the equipment or other assets, at a future date. We also may structure investments as project financings that are secured by, among other things, essential use equipment and/or assets. Finally, we may use other investment structures that our Investment Manager believes will provide us with the appropriate level of security, collateralization, and flexibility to optimize our return on our investment while protecting against downside risk, such as vendor and rental programs. In many cases, the structure will include us holding title to or a priority or controlling position in the equipment or other asset.

Although the final composition of our portfolio cannot be determined at this stage, we expect to invest in equipment and other assets that are considered essential use or core to a business or operation in the agricultural, energy, environmental, medical, manufacturing, technology, and transportation industries. Our Investment Manager may identify other assets or industries that meet our investment objectives. We expect to invest in equipment, other assets and project financings located primarily within the United States of America and the European Union but may also make investments in other parts of the world.

We are currently in the Offering and Operating Period. The Offering Period will expire on the earlier of raising \$250,000,000 in Limited Partner contributions (25,000,000 units at \$10 per Unit) or August 11, 2018, which is two years from the date we were declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). unless extended by our General Partner, from time to time, in its sole discretion, by up to an additional 12 months. During the Operating Period, we will invest most of the net proceeds from our offering in business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-saving) equipment, other physical assets with substantial economic lives and, in many cases, associated revenue streams and project financings. The Operating period began on the date we admitted our first Limited Partners, the initial closing, which occurred on October 3, 2016 and will last for four years from that date unless extended at the sole discretion of the General Partner. At our initial closing, we reimbursed our Investment Manager for a portion of the fees and expenses associated with our organization and offering which they previously paid on our behalf and we funded a small capital reserve. The Liquidation Period, which follows the conclusion of the Operating Period, is the period in which we will sell assets in the ordinary course of business and will last two years, unless it is extended, at the sole discretion of the General Partner.

Our General Partner, our Investment Manager and their affiliates, including Securities in its capacity as our selling agent and certain non-affiliates (namely, Selling Dealers) receive fees and compensation from the offering of our Units, including the following, with any and all compensation paid to our General Partner solely in cash. We pay an underwriting fee of 2% of the gross proceeds of the offering (excluding proceeds, if any, we receive from the sale of our Units to our General Partner or its affiliates) to our selling agent or selling agents. While Securities initially acts as our exclusive selling agent, we may engage additional selling agents in the future. From these underwriting fees, a selling agent may pay Selling Dealers, a non-accountable marketing fee based upon such factors as the volume of sales of such Selling Dealers, the level of marketing support provided by such participating dealers and the assistance of such Selling Dealers in marketing the offering, or to reimburse representatives of such Selling Dealers for the costs and expenses of attending our educational conferences and seminars. This fee will vary, depending upon separately negotiated agreements with each Selling Dealer. In addition, we pay a sales commission to Selling Dealers up to 5% of the gross proceeds of this offering (excluding proceeds, if any, we receive from the sale of our Units to our General Partner or its affiliates).

Our General Partner receives an organizational and offering expense allowance of up to 1.5% of our offering proceeds to reimburse it for expenses incurred in preparing us for registration or qualification under federal and state securities laws and subsequently offering and selling our Units. The organizational and offering expense allowance will be paid out of the proceeds of the offering. The organizational and offering expense allowance will not exceed the actual fees and expenses incurred by our General Partner and its affiliates. Because organizational and offering expenses will be paid as and to the extent they are incurred, organizational and offering expenses may be drawn disproportionately to the gross proceeds of each closing.

During our Operating Period, our Investment Manager will receive a structuring fee in an amount equal to 1.5% of each cash investment made, including reinvestments, payable on the date each such investment is made.

During our Operating Period and our Liquidation Period, our Investment Manager receives a management fee in an amount equal to the greater of (i) 2.5% per annum of the aggregate offering proceeds, payable monthly in advance or (ii) \$62,500 per month.

Our General Partner will initially receive 1% of all distributed distributable cash. Our General Partner has a Promotional Interest in us equal to 20% of all distributed distributable cash after we have provided a return to our Limited Partners of their respective capital contributions plus an 8% per annum, compounded annually, cumulative return on their capital contributions.



### ***Recent Significant Transactions***

On June 26, 2017, the Partnership entered into a Commercial Finance Agreement (“CFA”) with a borrower to provide secured financing of \$1,184,850 for warehouse racking equipment. The CFA is secured by the racking equipment, and accrues interest at a rate of 9% per annum and matures on June 26, 2020. The borrower will make 36 monthly payments as follows: one payment of \$39,083, 11 monthly payments of \$69,498 and 24 monthly payments of \$20,222. In connection with the CFA, on June 26, 2017, the Partnership advanced \$689,552 to the vendor as a progress payment for the equipment. On July 31, 2017, the Partnership advanced \$495,298 to the vendor as the final payment for the equipment.

On June 26, 2017, the Partnership entered into a loan agreement with a borrower to refinance the borrower’s debt. In connection with the refinancing, the Partnership received a promissory note from the borrower in the amount of \$150,000. The note accrues interest at a rate of 12% per annum and matures on June 26, 2021. The promissory note will be paid through 48 monthly installments of principal and interest of \$3,931. The promissory note is secured by a first priority security interest in all the borrower’s assets and a personal guarantee of the borrower’s principals as well as a corporate guarantee of an affiliate of the borrower.

### ***Critical Accounting Policies***

An understanding of our critical accounting policies is necessary to understand our financial results. The preparation of condensed financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) requires our General Partner and our Investment Manager to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates will primarily include the determination of allowance for notes and leases, depreciation and amortization, impairment losses and the estimated useful lives and residual values of the leased equipment we acquire. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### ***Lease Classification and Revenue Recognition***

Each equipment lease we enter into is classified as either a finance lease or an operating lease, which is determined at lease inception, based upon the terms of each lease, or when there are significant changes to the lease terms. We capitalize initial direct costs associated with the origination and funding of lease assets. Initial direct costs include both internal costs (e.g., labor and overhead), if any, and external broker fees incurred with the lease origination. Costs related to leases that are not consummated are not eligible for capitalization as initial direct costs and are expensed as incurred as acquisition expense. For a finance lease, initial direct costs are capitalized and amortized over the lease term using the effective interest rate method. For an operating lease, the initial direct costs are included as a component of the cost of the equipment and depreciated over the lease term.

For finance leases, we record, at lease inception, the total minimum lease payments receivable from the lessee, the estimated unguaranteed residual value of the equipment at lease termination, the initial direct costs related to the lease, if any, and the related unearned income. Unearned income represents the difference between the sum of the minimum lease payments receivable, plus the estimated unguaranteed residual value, minus the cost of the leased equipment. Unearned income is recognized as finance income over the term of the lease using the effective interest rate method.

For operating leases, rental income is recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease term. Billed operating lease receivables are included in accounts receivable until collected. Accounts receivable is stated at its estimated net realizable value. Deferred revenue is the difference between the timing of the receivables billed and the income recognized on the straight-line basis.

Our Investment Manager has an investment committee that approves each new equipment lease and other financing transaction. As part of its process, the investment committee determines the residual value, if any, to be used once the investment has been approved. The factors considered in determining the residual value include, but are not limited to, the creditworthiness of the potential lessee, the type of equipment considered, how the equipment is integrated into the potential lessee’s business, the length of the lease, the industry in which the potential lessee operates and the secondary market value of the equipment. Residual values are reviewed for impairment in accordance with our impairment review policy.

The residual value assumes, among other things, that the asset will be utilized normally in an open, unrestricted and stable market. Short-term fluctuations in the marketplace are disregarded and it is assumed that there is no necessity either to dispose of a significant number of the assets, if held in quantity, simultaneously or to dispose of the asset quickly. The residual value is calculated using information from various external sources, such as trade publications, auction data, equipment dealers, wholesalers and industry experts, as well as inspection of the physical asset and other economic indicators.

#### *Asset Impairments*

The significant assets in our investment portfolio are periodically reviewed, no less frequently than annually or when indicators of impairment exist, to determine whether events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss will be recognized only if the carrying value of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. If there is an indication of impairment, we will estimate the future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) expected from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Future cash flows are the future cash in-flows expected to be generated by an asset less the future out-flows expected to be necessary to obtain those in-flows. If an impairment is determined to exist, the impairment loss will be measured as the amount by which the carrying value of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value and recorded in the statement of operations in the period the determination is made. The events or changes in circumstances that generally indicate that an asset may be impaired are, (i) the estimated fair value of the underlying equipment is less than its carrying value, (ii) the lessee is experiencing financial difficulties and (iii) it does not appear likely that the estimated proceeds from the disposition of the asset will be sufficient to satisfy the residual position in the asset. The preparation of the undiscounted cash flows requires the use of assumptions and estimates, including the level of future rents, the residual value expected to be realized upon disposition of the asset, estimated downtime between re-leasing events and the amount of re-leasing costs. Our Investment Manager's review for impairment includes a consideration of the existence of impairment indicators including third-party appraisals, published values for similar assets, recent transactions for similar assets, adverse changes in market conditions for specific asset types and the occurrence of significant adverse changes in general industry and market conditions that could affect the fair value of the asset.

#### *Equipment Notes and Loans Receivable*

Equipment notes and loans receivable are reported in our condensed balance sheets at the outstanding principal balance net of any unamortized deferred fees, premiums or discounts on purchased notes and loans. Costs to originated notes, if any, are reported as other assets in our condensed balance sheets. Unearned income, discounts and premiums, if any, are amortized to interest income in the condensed statements of operations using the effective interest rate method. Equipment notes and loans receivable are generally placed in a non-accrual status when payments are more than 90 days past due. Additionally, we periodically review the creditworthiness of companies with payments outstanding less than 90 days. Based upon the Investment Manager's judgment, accounts may be placed in a non-accrual status. Accounts on a non-accrual status are only returned to an accrual status when the account has been brought current and we believe recovery of the remaining unpaid receivable is probable. Revenue on non-accrual accounts is recognized only when cash has been received.

#### *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments* ("ASU 2016-15"), which provides guidance on how certain cash receipts and cash payments are to be presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The adoption of ASU 2016-15 becomes effective for fiscal years beginning on January 1, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early adoption is permitted. An entity will apply the amendments within ASU 2016-15 using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. We are currently in the process of evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2016-15 on our condensed financial statements.

In February 2016, FASB issued new guidance to improve consolidation guidance for legal entities (Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842): Amendments to Leases Analysis*), effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those years and early adoption is permitted. The standard amends the existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets and making targeted changes to lessor accounting. The new leases standard requires a modified retrospective transition approach for all leases existing at, or entered into after, the date of initial application, with an option to use certain transition relief. We are currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on our condensed financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective accounting pronouncements, if adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

### ***Business Overview***

Our Offering period commenced on August 11, 2016 and will last until the earlier of (i) August 11, 2018, which is two years from the commencement of our Offering Period, unless extended by our General Partner, from time to time, in its sole discretion, by up to an additional 12 months, or (ii) the date that we have raised \$250,000,000. We are currently in negotiations with additional Selling Dealers to offer our Units for sale. We have been approved for sale under Blue Sky regulations in 49 states and the District of Columbia. During the Offering Period it is anticipated that the majority of our cash inflows will be derived from financing activities and be the direct result of capital contributions from Limited Partners.

During our Operating Period, which began on October 3, 2016, the date of our initial closing, we will use the majority of our net offering proceeds from Limited Partner capital contributions to acquire our investments. As our investments mature, we anticipate reinvesting the cash proceeds in additional investments in leased equipment and financing transactions, to the extent that the cash will not be needed for expenses, reserves and distributions to our Limited Partners. During this time-frame we expect both rental income and finance income to increase substantially as well as related expenses such as depreciation and amortization. During the Operating Period, we believe the majority of our cash outflows will be from investing activities as we acquire additional investments and to a lesser extent from financing activities from our paying quarterly distributions to our Limited Partners. Our cash flow from operations is expected to increase, primarily from the collection of rental and interest payments.

### ***Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017***

We are currently in both our Offering Period and our Operating Period. The Offering Period is designated as the period in which we raise capital from investors. During this period, we expect to generate the majority of our cash inflow from financing activities through the sale of our Units to investors. Through September 30, 2017, we admitted 206 Limited Partners with total capital contributions of \$10,509,039 resulting in the sale of 1,050,903.88 Units. The Partnership received cash contributions of \$10,059,849 and applied \$449,190 which would have otherwise been paid as sales commission to the purchase of 44,919.03 additional Units.

We have also entered our Operating Period, which is defined as the period in which we invest the net proceeds from the Offering Period into business-essential, revenue-producing (or cost-saving) equipment and other physical assets with substantial economic lives and, in many cases, associated revenue streams. During this period we anticipate substantial cash outflows from investing activities as we acquire leased and financed equipment. We also expect our operating activities to generate cash inflows during this time as we collect rental and interest payments from the leased and financed assets we acquire.

*Our revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2017 is summarized as follows:*

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>	
	(unaudited)	
Revenue:		
Rental income	\$	27,256
Finance income		16,475
Interest income		20,233
Other income		21,633
Total Revenue	\$	<u>85,597</u>

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, we earned \$27,256 in rental income from five operating leases of pizza ovens equipment. We received monthly lease payments of approximately \$87,200 and recognized \$16,475 in finance income from two finance leases during the same period. We also recognized \$20,233 in interest income which was generated by two collateralized loans receivable. As we acquire finance leases and operating leases, and as we participate in additional financing projects, we believe our revenue will grow significantly during 2017.

*Our expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:*

	<b>Three Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>
	(unaudited)
<b>Expenses:</b>	
Management fees — Investment Manager	\$ 187,500
Depreciation	23,911
Professional fees	33,076
Administration expense	33,175
Other expenses	14,514
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 292,176</b>

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, we incurred \$292,176 in total expenses. We paid \$187,500 in management fees to our Investment Manager during the three months ended September 30, 2017. We pay our Investment Manager a management fee during the Operating Period and the Liquidation Period equal to the greater of, (i) 2.5% per annum of the aggregate offering proceeds, payable monthly in advance or (ii) \$62,500 per month. We recognized \$23,911 in depreciation expense and \$33,175 in administration expense. We also incurred \$33,076 in professional fees, which were mostly comprised of fees related to compliance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. As the size and complexity of our activities grow, we expect that our professional fees will increase accordingly.

#### **Net Loss**

As a result of the factors discussed above, we reported a net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2017 of \$206,579.

#### **Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017**

*Our revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is summarized as follows:*

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>
	(unaudited)
<b>Revenue:</b>	
Rental income	\$ 81,768
Finance income	55,186
Interest income	21,055
Other income	22,033
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 180,042</b>

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we earned \$81,768 in rental income from five operating leases of pizza ovens equipment. We received monthly lease payments of approximately \$261,400 and recognized \$55,186 in finance income from two finance leases during the same period. We also recognized \$21,055 in interest income which was generated by two collateralized loans receivable. As we acquire finance leases and operating leases, and as we participate in additional financing projects, we believe our revenue will grow significantly during 2017.

*Our expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:*

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>
	(unaudited)
Expenses:	
Management fees — Investment Manager	\$ 562,500
Depreciation	71,690
Professional fees	165,852
Administration expense	128,254
Other expenses	15,114
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 943,410</u>

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we incurred \$943,410 in total expenses. We paid \$562,500 in management fees to our Investment Manager during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. We pay our Investment Manager a management fee during the Operating Period and the Liquidation Period equal to the greater of, (i) 2.5% per annum of the aggregate offering proceeds, payable monthly in advance or (ii) \$62,500 per month. We recognized \$71,690 in depreciation expense and \$128,254 in administration expense. We also incurred \$165,852 in professional fees, which were mostly comprised of fees related to compliance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. As the size and complexity of our activities grow, we expect that our professional fees will increase accordingly.

#### ***Net Loss***

As a result of the factors discussed above, we reported a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 of \$763,368.

#### ***Liquidity and Capital Resources***

##### ***Sources and Uses of Cash***

	<b>Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017</b>
	(unaudited)
Cash provided by (used in):	
Operating activities	\$ (531,150)
Investing activities	<u>\$ (1,122,764)</u>
Financing activities	<u>\$ 6,127,421</u>

### ***Sources of Liquidity***

We are currently in both our Offering Period and our Operating Period. The Offering Period is the time frame in which we raise capital contributions from Limited Partners through the sale of our Units. As such, we expect that during our Offering Period a substantial portion of our cash inflows will be from financing activities. The Operating Period is the time frame in which we acquire equipment under lease or enter into other equipment financing transactions. During this time period we anticipate that a substantial portion of our cash outflows will be for investing activities. We believe that cash inflows will be sufficient to finance our liquidity requirements for the foreseeable future, including quarterly distributions to our Limited Partners, general and administrative expenses, fees paid to our Investment Manager and new investment opportunities.

### ***Operating Activities***

Cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$531,150 and was primarily driven by the following factors; a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 of approximately \$763,000, and finance income of approximately \$55,000. Offsetting these fluctuations was depreciation expense of approximately \$72,000 and receipt of approximately \$261,000 in minimum rental payments from finance leases acquired during the period. We expect our accounts payable and accrued expenses will fluctuate from period to period primarily due to the timing of payments related to lease and financings transactions we will enter into. We anticipate that as we enter into additional equipment leasing and financing transactions we will generate greater net cash inflows from operations principally from rental payments received from lessees.

### ***Investing Activities***

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$1,122,764. We paid approximately \$1,361,000 for the acquisition of our collateralized loans receivable and received approximately \$238,000 from our collateralized loans receivable.

### ***Financing Activities***

Cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$6,127,421 and was primarily due to cash proceeds received of approximately \$6,966,000 from the sale of our Units to Limited Partners. Offsetting this increase were payments for distributions to our Limited Partners of approximately \$187,000, payments of approximately \$370,000 for organizational and offering costs and underwriting fees of approximately \$281,000.

### ***Distributions***

During our Operating Period, we intend to pay cash distributions on a quarterly basis to our Limited Partners at 1.5% per quarter, the equivalent rate of 6.0% per annum, of each Limited Partners' capital contribution (pro-rated to the date of admission for each Limited Partner). The amount and rate of cash distributions could vary and are not guaranteed. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we declared and accrued quarterly distributions to our Limited Partners totaling approximately \$289,058 which resulted in a distributions payable to Limited Partners of \$142,638 at September 30, 2017. The Partnership did not make a cash distribution to the General Partner during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and accrued \$2,890 for distributions due to the General Partner which resulted in distributions payable to the General Partner of \$3,291 at September 30, 2017.

### ***Commitments and Contingencies and Off-Balance Sheet Transactions***

#### ***Commitment and Contingencies***

Our income, losses and distributions are allocated 99% to our Limited Partners and 1% to our General Partner until the Limited Partners have received total distributions equal to each Limited Partners' capital contribution plus an 8%, compounded annually, cumulative return on each Limited Partners' capital contribution. After such time, income, losses and distributions will be allocated 80% to our Limited Partners and 20% to our General Partner.

We enter into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications. Our maximum exposure under these arrangements is not known.

In the normal course of business, we enter into contracts of various types, including lease contracts, contracts for the sale or purchase of leased assets, loan agreements and management contracts. It is prevalent industry practice for most contracts of any significant value to include provisions that each of the contracting parties, in addition to assuming liability for breaches of the representations, warranties, and covenants that are part of the underlying contractual obligations, to also assume an obligation to indemnify and hold the other contractual party harmless for such breaches, and for harm caused by such party's gross negligence and willful misconduct, including, in certain instances, certain costs and expenses arising from the contract. Generally, to the extent these contracts are performed in the ordinary course of business under the reasonable business judgment of our General Partner and our Investment Manager, no liability will arise as a result of these provisions. Should any such indemnification obligation become payable, we would separately record and/or disclose such liability in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### *Off-Balance Sheet Transactions*

None.

#### *Contractual Obligations*

None.

#### ***Subsequent Events***

On November 7, 2017, the Partnership entered into a loan agreement with a borrower to provide short term bridge financing, which funds were used to acquire the rights, title, and interest in an asset backed equipment loan (the "Underlying Loan"). In connection with the loan agreement, the Partnership received a promissory note from the borrower in the amount of \$2,800,000. The note accrues interest at a rate of 1.5% per month for the first 30 days and 1.25% per month thereafter, and matures on February 7, 2018. The promissory note will be paid monthly installments of interest of \$42,000 for the first 30 days and \$35,000 thereafter. The promissory note is secured by a first priority security interest in all the borrower's right, title and interest in the Underlying Loan and the proceeds thereof; (ii) a first priority security interest in all of borrower's right, title and interest in an unrelated, performing asset backed loan and the equipment related thereto and (iii) a first priority security interest in Borrower's 100% membership interests in borrower's 100% membership interests in the special purpose entity that holds the Underlying Loan.

On November 9, 2017, the Partnership entered into a lease facility of \$406,456 for agricultural equipment and supplies to a company based in Illinois. The finance lease requires 36 monthly payments of \$13,819 with the first and last payments due in advance. The lease is secured by a first position lien against the agricultural equipment and supplies and a personal guarantee from the company's CEO.

From October 1, 2017 through November 12, 2017, the Partnership admitted an additional 17 Limited Partners with total cash contributions of \$507,750, total capital contributions of \$524,474 and 52,447.37 Units. The Partnership paid or accrued an underwriting and commission fee to Securities and outside brokers totaling \$10,155 and \$9,500, respectively.

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

Not Applicable for Smaller Reporting Companies.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

##### *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures*

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017, our General Partner and Investment Manager carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the management of our General Partner and Investment Manager, including its Chief Executive Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our General Partner's and Investment Manager's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Report pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based on the foregoing evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer concluded that our General Partner's and Investment Manager's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

In designing and evaluating our General Partner's and Investment Manager's disclosure controls and procedures, our General Partner and Investment Manager recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Our General Partner's and Investment Manager's disclosure controls and procedures have been designed to meet reasonable assurance standards. Disclosure controls and procedures cannot detect or prevent all error and fraud. Some inherent limitations in disclosure controls and procedures include costs of implementation, faulty decision-making, simple error and mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based, in part, upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all anticipated and unanticipated future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with established policies or procedures.

### *Evaluation of internal control over financial reporting*

Our General Partner is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of condensed financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP and includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Partnership; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of condensed financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the Partnership are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Partnership; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Partnership's assets that could have a material effect on the condensed financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our General Partner and our Investment Manager have assessed the effectiveness of their internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2017. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in "Internal Control—Integrated Framework."

Based on their assessment, our General Partner and our Investment Manager believe that, as of September 30, 2017, its internal control over financial reporting is effective.

### *Changes in internal control over financial reporting*

There were no additional material changes in our General Partner's or our Investment Manager's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2017, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, their internal control over financial reporting.



## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not aware of any material legal proceedings that are currently pending against us or against any of our assets.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not applicable.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Our Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended, was declared effective by the SEC on August 11, 2016. Our Offering Period commenced on August 11, 2016. From August 11, 2016 through September 30, 2017, the Partnership admitted 206 Limited Partners with total capital contributions of \$10,509,039 resulting in the sale of 1,050,903.88 Units. The Partnership received cash contributions of \$10,059,849 and applied \$449,190 which would have otherwise been paid as sales commission to the purchase of 44,919.03 additional Units.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

### Item 5. Other Information

None.

### Item 6. Exhibits

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| 31.1 | <a href="#"><u>Certification of President and Chief Compliance Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>                                       |
| 31.2 | <a href="#"><u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>  |
| 32.1 | <a href="#"><u>Certification of President and Chief Compliance Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a> |
| 32.2 | <a href="#"><u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u></a>                |
| 101  | Interactive Data Files   |

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacity and on the dates indicated.

File No. 333-211626  
SQN AIF V GP, LLC  
General Partner of the Registrant

November 13, 2017

*/s/ Michael Miroshnikov*

\_\_\_\_\_  
Michael Miroshnikov  
President

## CERTIFICATION

I, Michael Miroshnikov, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2017

*/s/ Michael Miroshnikov*

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Michael Miroshnikov  
President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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## CERTIFICATION

I, Joshua Yifat, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2017

/s/ Joshua Yifat

Joshua Yifat  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, the undersigned, Michael Miroshnikov, President of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.

Date: November 13, 2017

*/s/ Michael Miroshnikov*

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Michael Miroshnikov  
President  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SQN Asset Income Fund V, L.P. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, the undersigned, Joshua Yifat, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.

Date: November 13, 2017

*/s/ Joshua Yifat*

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Joshua Yifat  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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